ALICE IN SEMINOLE COUNTY

2018 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 467,832 • Number of Households: 179,274 Median Household Income: \$67,470 (state average: \$55,462) Unemployment Rate: 4.5% (state average: 5.2%) ALICE Households: 24% (state average: 33%) • Households in Poverty: 9% (state average: 13%)

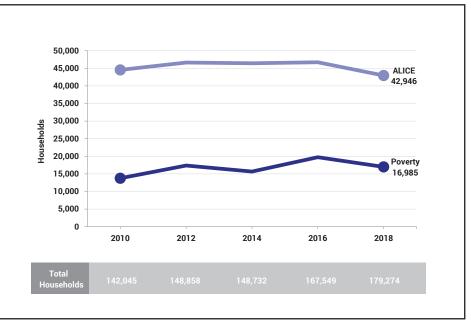
How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed — households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). While conditions have improved for some households, many continue to struggle, especially as wages fail to keep pace with the cost of household essentials (housing, child care, food, transportation, health care, and a basic smartphone plan).

What types of households are struggling?

In the past few decades, there have been major shifts in household composition. The share of American adults who have never been married is at a historic high, as is the number of senior households. There is also a growing number of people who live alone or with roommates, and an increasing share of grown children who live with their parents. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Households by Income, Seminole County, 2010 to 2018



Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010-2018; American Community Survey, 2010-2018

100% 100,000 90% 90,000 85 986 80% 80,000 Percent of Total Households 57% 70% 69% 70% 60% 60,000 50 622 50% 50,000 42 666 40% 40,000 30% 30.000 37% 19% 20% 20% 10% 12% 10% 6% 0% Families With 65 and Over Single and Cohabiting Children Poverty ALICE Above ALICE Threshold Total Households

Household Income by Household Type, Seminole County, 2018

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2018; American Community Survey, 2018

Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of household basics outpaces wages...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum cost to live and work in the modern economy and includes housing, child care, food, transportation, health care, technology (a smartphone plan), and taxes. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college or retirement. In 2018, household costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$12,140 for a single adult and \$25,100 for a family of four.

Household Survival Budget, Seminole County, 2018			
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 preschooler	
Monthly Costs			
Housing	\$975	\$1,259	
Child Care	\$-	\$1,420	
Food	\$297	\$899	
Transportation	\$375	\$843	
Health Care	\$200	\$803	
Technology	\$55	\$75	
Miscellaneous	\$223	\$602	
Taxes	\$329	\$726	
Monthly Total	\$2,454	\$6,627	
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$29,448	\$79,524	
Hourly Wage*	\$14.72	\$39.76	

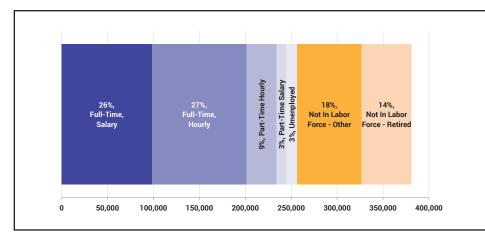
* Wage working full-time required to support this budget

For ALICE Survival Budget Sources, see the 2020 Methodology Overview available at UnitedForALICE.org/Methodology

.. and the labor landscape is challenging for ALICE workers

A breakdown of the labor force shows a small portion of adults (16 years and older) who are unemployed and a large number who are working. However, a significant portion of full- and part-time workers are paid by the hour; these workers are more likely to have fluctuations in income and less likely to receive benefits. There is also a high number of workers outside of the labor force (people who are not employed and not looking for work), which has helped keep wages low: When more workers are available, employers have less incentive to raise wages to attract employees.

Labor Status, Population 16 and Over, Seminole County, 2018



Note: Data for full- and part-time jobs is only available at the national level; these national rates (51% of full-time workers and 75% of part-time workers paid hourly) have been applied to the total county workforce to calculate the breakdown shown in this figure. Full-time represents a minimum of 35 hours per week at one or more jobs for 48 weeks per year. Sources: American Community Survey, 2018; Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, 2018

Note: Municipal-level data is 1- and 5-year averages for Incorporated Places and County Subdivisions, which include Census Designated Places (CDP) and Census County Divisions (CCD). Totals do not match county-level numbers because some places cross county boarders, geographies may overlap, data is not available for the smallest towns, and county-level data is often 1-year estimates.

ALICE REPORT, 2020

Seminole County, 2018

Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Altamonte Springs	18,862	47%
Black Hammock CDP	412	23%
Casselberry	11,145	52%
Casselberry-Altamonte Springs CCD	81,902	40%
Chuluota CDP	846	34%
Fern Park CDP	3,330	46%
Forest City CDP	5,097	37%
Geneva CDP	1,002	23%
Goldenrod CDP	5,049	52%
Heathrow CDP	2,630	20%
Lake Mary	6,052	24%
Longwood	5,590	40%
Midway CDP (Seminole County)	583	77%
Oviedo	12,282	23%
Oviedo CCD	34,388	29%
Sanford	20,874	54%
Sanford CCD	51,014	39%
Wekiwa Springs CDP	8,713	24%
Winter Springs	13,521	32%